

WWW.MATHEMATICSWEB.ORG

J. Math. Anal. Appl. 279 (2003) 451-462

Journal of MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS AND APPLICATIONS

www.elsevier.com/locate/jmaa

Existence and uniqueness of solutions in $H_1(\Delta)$ of a general class of non-linear functional equations

Eugenia N. Petropoulou and Panayiotis D. Siafarikas*

Department of Mathematics, University of Patras, 26500 Patras, Greece Received 1 February 2002 Submitted by S.-C. Chen

Abstract

A functional analytic method is used to prove the existence and the uniqueness of a solution in the Banach space $H_1(\Delta)$ of a general class of non-linear functional equations. This general class includes some specific functional equations studied recently. Our results simplify and improve the existing results for these specific equations. Moreover, for one of them, we give an answer to an open problem.

© 2003 Elsevier Science (USA). All rights reserved.

Keywords: Functional equations; Existence; Uniqueness; Analytic; Bounded solutions

1. Introduction

In this paper, we give sufficient conditions such that a class of non-linear functional equations has a unique analytic solution in the Banach space $H_1(\Delta)$ of analytic functions, defined as follows:

$$H_1(\Delta) = \left\{ f(z) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} f_n z^{n-1} \text{ analytic in } \Delta \text{ and } \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} |f_n| < +\infty \right\},$$
(1.1)

where $\Delta = \{z \in \mathbb{C}/|z| < 1\}$, with norm $||f(z)||_{H_1(\Delta)} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} |f_n|$.

This class of functional equations includes as particular cases the following equations:

$$f(\lambda^2 z) = 2f(\lambda z) - f(z) - \frac{1}{2}g(f(\lambda z)) + g(f(z)), \quad z \in \mathbb{C},$$
(1.2)

* Corresponding author.

E-mail address: panos@math.upatras.gr (P.D. Siafarikas).

⁰⁰²²⁻²⁴⁷X/03/\$ – see front matter @ 2003 Elsevier Science (USA). All rights reserved. doi:10.1016/S0022-247X(03)00019-2